



Mersey-Forth Water Management Review

November 2013



Outcomes and Commitments Report

We seek opportunities to enhance environmental and cultural values

This Document

This document summarises the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review process and provides the outcomes and commitments. The review was undertaken by Hydro Tasmania in collaboration with stakeholders.

Section 1 of this document describes Hydro Tasmania's commitment to sustainability and provides an overview of the Water Management Review Program, which is aimed at assessing water and land management activities in catchments influenced by hydropower operations. Section 2 provides an overview of the four main stages of the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review. Section 3 summarises the issues and aims of the fourteen technical and social studies that were addressed through the review, and the outcomes and commitments emanating from these studies.

Reports and factsheets produced as a result of the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review are available on the enclosed CD or from Hydro Tasmania's website at www.hydro.com/MFWMR. Hard copies of the fact sheets are provided in this package.

Acknowledgements

Hydro Tasmania would like to thank all stakeholders who have contributed to the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review.

Thanks to the many Hydro Tasmania and Entura personnel and consultants who have contributed to the work undertaken in the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review.

Cover photographs: Fisher River (top left); Regatta Day at Lake Barrington (top right); Aboriginal scrapers found in the Lake Mackenzie area (bottom right) and upgrading of Rowallan Dam spillway (bottom left).

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1. Introduction

1.1. Background

Hydro Tasmania's core business is the generation and trading of renewable energy in Tasmania and nationally. Hydro Tasmania is Australia's largest water manager and leading renewable energy business.

1.2. Hydro Tasmania's Commitment to Sustainability

For Hydro Tasmania sustainability is a core value underpinned by a commitment to create a sustainable future. Being sustainable involves the application of economic, social and environmental considerations to business decisions and activities. Hydro Tasmania believes that these considerations will help drive long-term business success and allow successive generations to enjoy the benefits of a clean energy future. Our Sustainability Code and Environmental Policy are available on Hydro Tasmania's website at www.hydro.com.au.

Hydro Tasmania's commitment to support and collaborate with stakeholders and the community was reinforced with the development of Hydro Tasmania's Recreational Management Principles in 2012. The principals provide the direction for Hydro Tasmania to facilitate recreation on its land and waterways for the benefit of all. The principles can be viewed at www.hydro.com.au/community.

1.3. Hydro Tasmania's Water Management Review Program

Hydro Tasmania's Water Management Review (WMR) Program aims to proactively, and in consultation with stakeholders, assess the impact of current water and land management activities on social, environmental, and economic conditions in catchments managed by Hydro Tasmania. This is done in order to establish more sustainable practices.

The WMR program is being undertaken on a catchment by catchment basis across the six major catchment groups in the hydropower generating system. The WMR process is designed to be consistent with State Government requirements for water management planning under the *Water Management Act 1999*.

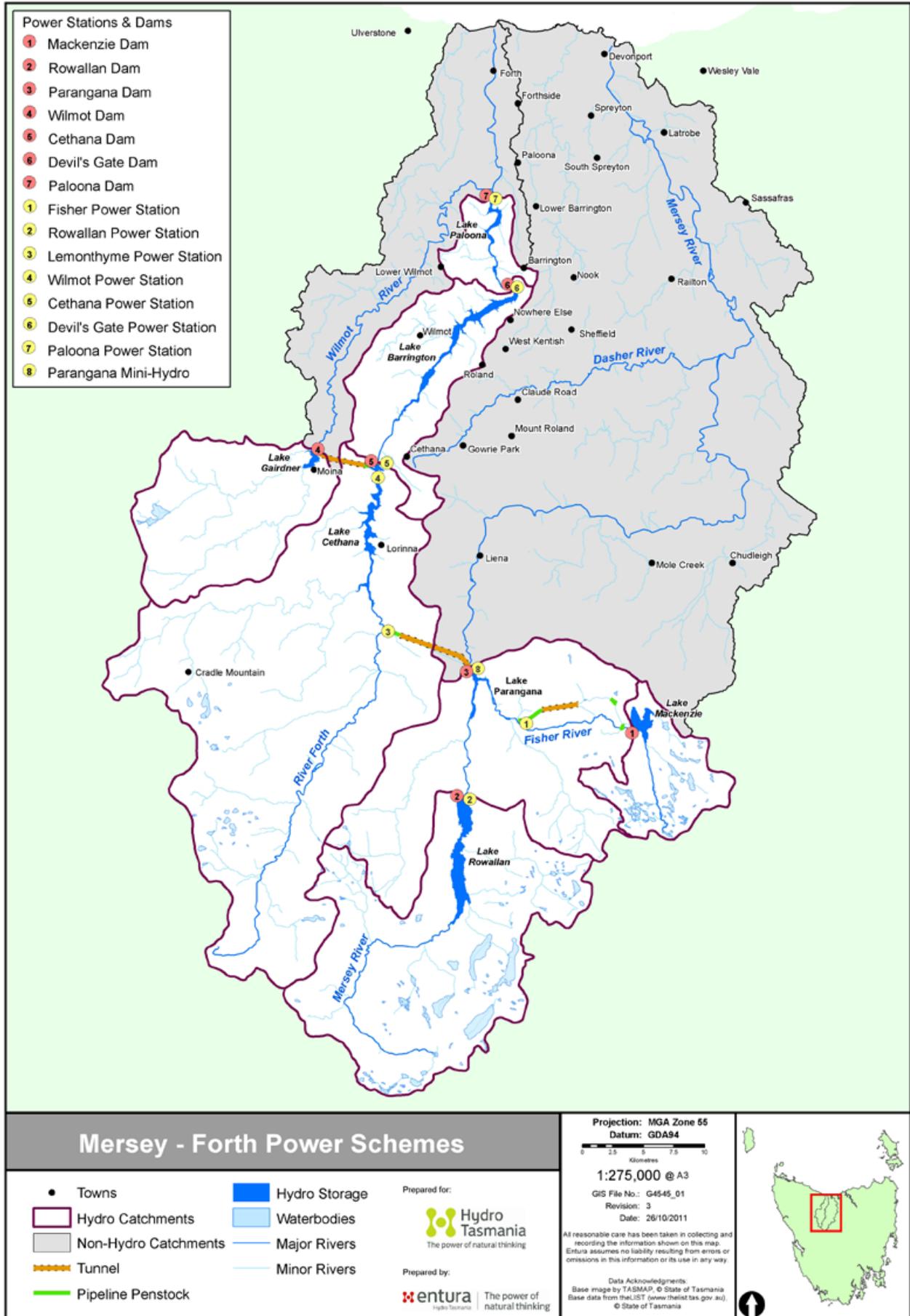
The South Esk-Great Lake catchment was the first Hydro-managed catchment to be reviewed under the program followed by the Derwent catchment. On completion of the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review Hydro Tasmania will commence the Anthony Pieman Water Management Review.

1.4. The Mersey-Forth Water Management Review

The Mersey-Forth Water Management Review (MF WMR), the third WMR to be undertaken by Hydro Tasmania, focused on the Mersey-Forth catchments in central north western Tasmania (Map 1.1).

The objectives of the MF WMR were to:

- Consult with stakeholders to identify values and issues relating to hydropower operation in the catchments;
- Systematically assess relevant environmental, social, cultural heritage and multiple-use issues;
- Evaluate cost effective mitigation and management measures to improve conditions; and
- Implement commitments for improved sustainable management in the Mersey-Forth catchments, as appropriate and practicable.



Map 1.1: Hydropower schemes of the Mersey-Forth catchments

2. Summary of the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review

The MF WMR process has been designed to follow four stages as outlined below:

2.1. Stage 1 – Information Review

The MF WMR consolidated available information on the catchments. This included information on Hydro Tasmania's assets and infrastructure, system operations, electricity yield and climate change projections. An overview of the multiple uses of Hydro Tasmania's land assets and waterways, and Aboriginal and cultural heritage aspects of the catchments was provided. Summaries of water quality, biological and geomorphological aspects of lakes and rivers, as well as known impacts and issues associated with the waterways, were presented. The Mersey–Forth Water Management Review Report provided the basis for stakeholder engagement in Stage 2 and served as a reference document throughout the MF WMR.

2.2. Stage 2 – Stakeholder Consultation

Stakeholder consultation commenced in November 2011 with a survey encouraging stakeholders to provide their values and issues associated with waterways influenced by Hydro Tasmania's operations. Meetings and discussions with individuals and organisations were held over a number of months. Stakeholder feedback was documented in a Stakeholder Consultation Report which was published in June 2012.

Communication on the Stakeholder Consultation process was provided to the community in three newsletters. Results from the initial stakeholder survey were summarised in **Newsletter Issue # 1, April 2012** and a synthesis of the Stage 2 process and the identification of the technical and social studies was provided in **Newsletter Issue # 2, July 2012**.

Stage 2 was concluded with a second stakeholder survey, circulated with the Stakeholder Consultation Report, asking for feedback on the consultation process and outcomes. The results of this survey were summarised in **Newsletter Issue # 3, November 2012**.

A database of stakeholders was established for the MF WMR. Stakeholders who collaborated with Hydro Tasmania were from the following broad groups:

- State Government /Regulatory Agencies;
- Local councils;
- Natural Resource Management Agencies (NRM's);
- Land care/conservation groups;
- Community groups;
- Recreational groups;
- Agricultural/irrigation groups;
- Commercial/industrial businesses; and
- Private land owners and/or residents.

Details of those stakeholders who collaborated with Hydro Tasmania during the technical and social studies stage can be found in the technical and social study fact sheets and reports (see enclosed CD or Hydro Tasmania website www.hydro.com/MFWMR-studies).

2.3. Stage 3 – Technical and Social Studies

Fourteen technical and social studies commenced in July 2012 and were initiated to address the issues raised through stakeholder consultation and to assess mitigation opportunities and management options (Map 2.1). Over the lifecycle of the MF WMR the aims of some of the studies evolved. The majority of the technical and social studies were undertaken during 2012-2013 in collaboration with stakeholders. For a number of studies this collaboration is ongoing.

A summary of the issues, aims, outcomes and commitments for each study is provided in Section 3 and in the fact sheets (Appendix A). For some of the more complex studies technical reports were written (Appendix A).

For the duration of the technical and social studies stage stakeholders were provided with updated information regarding the studies through three newsletters **Newsletter Issue # 3, November 2012; Newsletter Issue # 4, April 2013** and **Newsletter Issue # 5, August 2013**.

2.4. Stage 4 – Development of a Program of Commitments

Informed by an understanding of stakeholder issues and the outcomes from the technical and social studies, commitments to improve the management of environmental, social, operational and cultural heritage values and issues have been identified (Section 3). Hydro Tasmania has already incorporated some of the commitments into its operational procedures and work programs. In other cases, Hydro Tasmania is addressing the commitments in partnership with stakeholders.

Mersey-Forth Water Management Review

Technical and Social Studies

Fish Migration in the Mersey-Forth Catchments



Acid Drainage Investigation



Wilmot River Condition Assessment



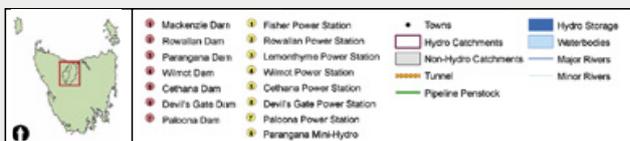
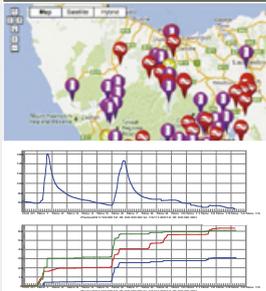
Water Level Management at Lake Gairdner



Sign Improvement



Dissemination of Flow and Water Level Information



Forth River Flood Evacuation Plan Enhancement



Recreational Releases



Mersey River Water Quality Assessment



Lake Barrington Erosion Study



Pests and Pathogens Management in the Mersey-Forth Catchments



Maintaining and Improving Recreational Management in the Mersey-Forth Catchments



Land Rehabilitation at Lake Mackenzie



Mersey-Forth Aboriginal Heritage Study



Map 2.1: Overview of the technical and social studies in the Mersey-Forth catchments

3. Summary of the Issues, Aims, Outcomes and Commitments emanating from the Technical and Social Studies

Fourteen technical and social studies were undertaken in Stage 3 and through successful stakeholder engagement and collaboration a number of improvements have been achieved.

Four studies have resulted in state-wide improvement of Hydro Tasmania processes. These studies are:

- Aboriginal Heritage;
- Dissemination of Flow and Water Level Information;
- Recreational Releases; and
- Pests and Pathogens Management.

Three studies have led to increased collaboration and cooperation in addressing catchment related issues, including:

- Recreational Management in the Mersey-Forth Catchments;
- Signage Improvement; and
- Mersey River Water Quality Assessment.

Five studies have, or will, lead to improvements in land and water management practices:

- Lake Gairdner Water Level Management;
- Land Rehabilitation at Lake Mackenzie;
- Forth River Flood Evacuation Plan Enhancement;
- Fish Migration in the Mersey-Forth Catchments; and
- Lake Barrington Erosion.

Two studies addressed issues that were found to be not significant, with no operational changes required and no further work proposed. These studies were:

- Wilmot River Condition Assessment; and
- Mersey-Forth Acid Drainage Investigation.

A summary of the key issues raised through the stakeholder consultation process, and the aims, outcomes and commitments for each study addressed in the MF WMR is provided.

3.1. Aboriginal Heritage

Issue:

No studies have been undertaken in Tasmania regarding the impact of dam operations on Aboriginal heritage sites. As the Mersey-Forth catchments are rich with aboriginal artefacts the importance of identifying Aboriginal heritage sites and values, in order to manage them properly, was communicated by stakeholders.

Aim:

To work collaboratively with the Aboriginal community, to gain a better understanding of Aboriginal heritage values on Hydro Tasmania owned and managed land and water in the Mersey- Forth catchments, and investigate management requirements to maintain these values.

Outcomes:

- A prioritised Action Plan, addressing issues raised by the Aboriginal Community, will be used by Hydro Tasmania in the future to better undertake Aboriginal heritage management across the entire hydropower system; and
- An Aboriginal Heritage Values Report for the Mersey-Forth catchments was completed providing a good understanding of known Aboriginal values. This report will be used by Hydro Tasmania to better undertake Aboriginal heritage management in the Mersey-Forth catchments.

Commitment:

Hydro Tasmania is committed to maintaining and enhancing relationships with the Aboriginal community. Through the implementation of the Action Plan for Aboriginal Heritage in its catchments, Hydro Tasmania will continue to facilitate improved management of Aboriginal heritage across its land and waterways.

3.2. Dissemination of Flow and Water Level Information

Issue:

Lack of access to information, such as lake levels and river flows, for waterways in the Mersey-Forth catchments.

Aim:

To provide updated information on water level, flow and rainfall data on Hydro Tasmania's website.

Outcomes:

- Plots of lake levels for most Hydro Tasmania lakes and river flows at key locations are now available on Hydro Tasmania's website; and
- A map based viewer tool has been developed to assist stakeholders with navigating through the lakes and rivers that Hydro Tasmania manages.

Commitment:

Hydro Tasmania will continue to provide water level, flow and associated water information on its website for the benefit of the community.

3.3. Recreational Releases

Issue:

The communication of information and the process for provision of flow releases for recreational events and other activities was not effectively managed.

Aim:

To improve processes relating to the efficiency and reliability of recreational releases state-wide in consultation with kayaking and canoeing groups.

Outcomes:

- A dedicated email address for recreational release requests and communications has been established and information regarding the water release process is provided on the Hydro Tasmania website; and
- Provision of recreational water releases, identification of paddling opportunities and periods of water unavailability, are now routinely discussed in the Hydro Tasmania generation planning meetings.

Commitment:

Hydro Tasmania is proud to support recreational activities on its land and water and is committed to continue this support.

3.4. Pests and Pathogens Management

Issue:

The risk of introducing, or spreading, aquatic pests and diseases into waterways of the Mersey-Forth catchments and within Tasmania.

Aim:

To provide hygiene training and distribution of awareness information, and building of infrastructure, to reduce the risk of introducing and spreading of freshwater pests and pathogens into waterways of the Mersey-Forth catchments.

Outcomes:

- Pests and pathogens training was included in Hydro Tasmania's Health, Safety and Environment (HSE) training program which stipulates that staff from Hydro Tasmania and Entura are required to undertake the training. A wash-down trailer has been built by Hydro Tasmania and is available for use;
- Capacity-building of Mersey-Forth stakeholders and Hydro Tasmania staff through the provision of pests and pathogens training and wash down kits. Awareness raising at club and community events was also undertaken; and
- NRM South's Biosecurity Project produced mobile wash-down units and installed helipads and boot cleaning stations in the Tasmanian Wilderness World Heritage Area.

Commitment:

- Hydro Tasmania will continue to collaborate with Tasmanian government agencies, industry and recreational groups to increase awareness amongst Tasmanian, national and international stakeholders about the threat of freshwater pests and pathogens; and
- Raising awareness on pests and pathogen messages will continue at key community and recreation events.

3.5. Maintaining and Improving Recreational Management in the Mersey-Forth Catchments

Issue:

Lack of co-ordination and effective management of recreational facilities and assets in the Mersey-Forth catchments. Stakeholders were unclear on the roles and responsibilities of recreational managers.

Aim:

Hydro Tasmania will continue to work collaboratively with government agencies, recreational clubs and community groups to achieve sustainable outcomes for recreational use of land and water assets.

Outcomes:

- Agreement from recreational stakeholders for the Lake Barrington Recreational Management Committee to extend its mandate to cover the whole Mersey-Forth catchments and become the Mersey-Forth Recreational Management Committee; and
- Development of the Mersey-Forth Recreation Development and Management Plan.

Commitment:

Commitment to Hydro Tasmania's Recreational Management Principles, and the implementation of the Mersey-Forth Recreation Development and Management Plan in collaboration with stakeholders, will ensure recreation in the Mersey-Forth catchments is managed co-operatively into the future.

3.6. Signage Improvement

Issue:

A large number of signs in the Mersey-Forth catchments lack clear safety and interpretative messages and many are in poor condition due to vandalism and deterioration.

Aim:

To undertake audits, prepare a signage strategy and develop processes to upgrade existing signs, particularly those relating to safety, operations, recreation and tourism.

Outcomes:

- The Mersey-Forth Recreation Management Committee undertook a signage audit and developed a multi-agency signage strategy for the Mersey-Forth. The strategy is to be rolled out over the next twelve months with the focus initially on Lake Barrington; and
- Hydro Tasmania has developed an operational and dam safety signage plan to assess and replace Hydro Tasmania safety and operational signs in the Mersey-Forth catchments and other lakes in Tasmania.

Commitment:

- Hydro Tasmania will continue to work with the Mersey-Forth Recreation Management Committee in implementing the signage strategy for the Mersey-Forth catchments; and
- Hydro Tasmania will implement the operational and dam safety signage plan across waterways of the Mersey-Forth catchments and other waterways in Tasmania.

3.7. Mersey River Water Quality Assessment

Issue:

Water quality was identified as having a negative impact on recreational and tourist activities, and on the environment, in the lower Mersey River.

Aim:

To participate in a collaborative approach to monitor and assess water quality conditions in the lower Mersey River.

Outcomes:

- The Environment Protection Authority undertook a desktop assessment to understand the sources of pollution in the catchment and reported on a “black water event”;
- The Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment upgraded its water quality monitoring equipment at Latrobe to continuously monitor water quality; and
- Stakeholders collaborated to propose the development of an integrated catchment management approach and action plan to address water quality concerns and ensure more effective management of the river.

Commitment:

Hydro Tasmania is committed to sustainable management of the water resources and will support, where possible, the development and implementation of an action plan for the Mersey River in collaboration with stakeholders.

3.8. Water Level Management at Lake Gairdner

Issue:

Stakeholder concerns relating to the impact of water level management at Lake Gairdner on recreational and environmental values.

Aim:

To determine stakeholder requirements and to raise awareness of operational requirements, limitations and risks associated with water level management at Lake Gairdner. Investigate opportunities for improved water level management in Lake Gairdner where appropriate.

Outcomes:

- Hydro Tasmania’s Storage Operating Rules have been updated to, where practicable, maintain high water levels during December to February and the Easter holidays for recreational activities; and
- Lake Gairdner stakeholders will now receive notification emails when Hydro Tasmania undertakes major outages and maintenance requirements at the Wilmot Power Station and at Wilmot Dam.

Commitment:

- Where practicable, Hydro Tasmania will maintain higher water levels during key holiday periods to provide for multiple use activities; and
- Hydro Tasmania will notify Lake Gairdner stakeholders when the lake is to be drawn down to low levels for major operational events during the key holiday periods.

3.9. Land Rehabilitation at Lake Mackenzie

Issue:

It was identified that land disturbed during the construction of Mackenzie dam, and other infrastructure in the vicinity of Lake Mackenzie, needed to be rehabilitated.

Aim:

To determine the scope of works, requirements and feasibility of rehabilitating land disturbed during construction of the dam, canals, pipelines and road infrastructure in the vicinity of Lake Mackenzie.

Outcomes:

- A land rehabilitation plan was produced. Sixteen sites, covering a total area of approximately 5 hectares, were identified for rehabilitation and revegetation; and
- Nine sites along the Parsons Canal were treated in June 2013 with treatments to commence at remaining sites in late summer/autumn 2014.

Commitment:

- Monitoring of rehabilitated sites at Lake Mackenzie will be undertaken to determine whether self-sustaining native vegetation has established; and
- Hydro Tasmania is committed to sustainable management of its land and water resources and will continue to rehabilitate land impacted by hydropower infrastructure as required.

3.10. Forth River Flood Evacuation Plan Enhancement

Issue:

Concerns were raised regarding flooding in the Forth and Mersey Rivers. Flooding in the Wilmot River has caused significant loss of property and is a potential safety risk to recreational users.

Aim:

To further develop and operationalise flood evacuation plans for the Mersey and Forth Rivers.

Outcomes:

- The study was confined to the Forth River. Hydrologic and hydraulic modelling for the Forth River Estuary is nearing completion. The information will be used by Central Coast Council to update and re-issue the Lower Forth Flood Response and Recovery Plan; and
- Information on flood warnings and services, and other water related information, has been made available.

Commitment:

Hydro Tasmania will continue to work with councils, as required, to improve flood planning and response.

3.11. Fish Migration in the Mersey-Forth Catchments

Issue:

No mechanisms are in place in the Mersey-Forth catchments to allow native fish to migrate up the Forth, Wilmot and Mersey Rivers.

Aim:

To investigate options to facilitate fish migration and dispersal of native fish species throughout the Mersey-Forth catchments.

Outcomes:

- Fish trials downstream of Paloona and Parangana Dams were unsuccessful; and
- A fish trap system was recommended to be the best first stage solution to capture and translocate fish at Paloona Dam.

Commitment:

A fish capture trial at Paloona Dam will be conducted after station upgrades have been completed. If the trial and translocation logistics prove feasible and beneficial the installation of a permanent trap at Paloona Dam will be undertaken.

3.12. Lake Barrington Erosion

Issue:

Erosion was considered to be a concern at a number of lakes across the Mersey-Forth catchments, however, stakeholders considered that Lake Barrington is the lake where erosion poses the most concern.

Aim:

To investigate the extent of erosion in Lake Barrington and identify potential management options to help inform collaborative management of erosion at high priority sites.

Outcomes:

Collaborative management of erosion at key recreational sites, including Kentish Park and Lake Barrington Park at Wilmot, using agreed Erosion Management Guiding Principles.

Commitment:

A project is to commence at the end of 2013, funded by Hydro Tasmania and Kentish Council and co-ordinated through the Mersey-Forth Recreation Management Committee, to undertake an erosional risk assessment and determine the impact of erosion on recreational infrastructure at Lake Barrington.

3.13. Wilmot River Condition Assessment

Issue:

Stakeholders raised concerns about poor environmental conditions of the Wilmot River and low or no flows experienced during the summer months.

Aim:

To assess the environmental and social benefit, and the operational and economic feasibility, of establishing a downstream flow in the Wilmot River from Lake Gairdner.

Outcomes:

The Wilmot River condition assessment found limited social benefits from a downstream flow. There may be some environmental benefits in releasing water from the Wilmot Dam, such as an improvement in water quality and filamentous algae levels and macroinvertebrate health immediately below the dam wall. However, there is uncertainty of how a flow release might impact the threatened giant crayfish. With limited benefits and uncertain impact on the giant crayfish, as well as costs associated with operational requirements and the loss in electricity generation, it was concluded that a downstream flow in the Wilmot River will not be pursued.

Commitment:

No commitment emanated from this study.

3.14. Mersey-Forth Acid Drainage Investigation

Issue:

The concern raised in the Mersey-Forth Environmental Review report suggested that acid drainage may occur in the Mersey-Forth catchments.

Aim:

To improve Hydro Tasmania's understanding of whether impacts from acid drainage are exacerbated by Hydro Tasmania's operations in the Mersey-Forth catchments.

Outcomes:

- Wilmot Dam, constructed using local material containing acid forming sulphide minerals, is considered a source of acid drainage in the Wilmot River. The acid drainage at the toe of the dam is not considered to pose an environmental risk as impacts are localised and volumes are low and rapidly diluted in the River; and
- Acidic seeps within the tunnels of Cethana Power Station are due to the movement of natural groundwater through mineral rich bedrock. The volumes are very low and are not considered to pose an environmental risk to surface waters in the catchment.

Commitment:

No commitment emanated from this study.

4. Survey on how successful the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review has been

To assess Hydro Tasmania's performance in undertaking the MF WMR, stakeholders have been invited to provide feedback on the MF WMR process by filling out the enclosed survey (in this package and Appendix B).

Stakeholder response will assist in evaluating Hydro Tasmania's performance and how we can improve for the next Water Management Review.

On completion of the survey the results will be placed on the Hydro Tasmania website.

5. Conclusion

The MF WMR has significantly increased stakeholder collaboration and cooperation in addressing key issues in the Mersey-Forth catchments. The process has resulted in a number of improvements to Hydro Tasmania's operational processes state-wide, and there have been improvements in land and water management within the Mersey-Forth catchments.

A program of commitments by Hydro Tasmania will ensure ongoing collaboration with stakeholders, the implementation of planned actions, and the improvement of water and land management practices in the Mersey-Forth catchments. Hydro Tasmania will continue to strive to ensure sustainable management of water resources for the benefit of Tasmania.

6. For More Information

All documentation and resources produced from the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review are available on the CD provided in this package or online at www.hydro.com/MFWMR.

Appendices

A. List of Technical and Social Study Factsheets and Reports

Study	Factsheet	Technical Report
1 Aboriginal Heritage	✓	
2 Dissemination of Flow and Water Level Information	✓	
3 Recreational Releases	✓	
4 Pests and Pathogens Management	✓	✓
5 Recreational Management in the Mersey-Forth Catchments	✓	
6 Signage Improvement	✓	
7 Mersey River Water Quality Assessment	✓	✓
8 Lake Gairdner Water Level Management	✓	✓
9 Land Rehabilitation at Lake Mackenzie	✓	✓
10 Forth River Flood Evacuation Plan Enhancement	✓	
11 Fish Migration in the Mersey-Forth Catchments	✓	✓
12 Lake Barrington Erosion	✓	
13 Wilmot River Condition Assessment	✓	✓
14 Mersey-Forth Acid Drainage Investigation	✓	✓

B. Final Evaluation Survey - How successful has the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review been?



Mersey-Forth Water Management Review

Evaluation Survey

Please provide us with feedback on your considerations of the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review by filling out this survey

The Mersey-Forth Water Management Review assessed Hydro Tasmania's land and water management activities in the Mersey-Forth catchments in collaboration with stakeholders. The aim was to achieve more sustainable management practices.

The formal Mersey-Forth Water Management Review is now completed and the outcomes and ongoing commitments from the fourteen technical and social studies are reported. Hydro Tasmania will now aim to fulfill its commitments to improve management practises in the Mersey-Forth catchments.

Please provide us with feedback on your considerations of the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review process by filling out this survey? Your response will assist us in evaluating the success of the process and how we can improve for the next Water Management Review.

Please provide responses to the survey questions by 31 December 2013

When you finish, return the survey in the reply paid envelope provided. Alternatively, you can complete the survey online at www.hydro.com.au/MFWMR/.

1. Did the review process enable you to contribute to addressing your area of interest in the Mersey-Forth catchments?

Yes No Unsure

Please provide any comments you may have.

2. Were your issues of interest addressed through the review?

Yes No Unsure

Please provide any comments you may have.

3. Do you think the achievements to date and commitments made by Hydro Tasmania, in collaboration with stakeholders, will help improve the management of the Mersey-Forth catchments?

Yes No Unsure

Please provide any feedback you may have.

Mersey-Forth Water Management Review Evaluation Survey

4. Which of the following forms of communications were most informative and useful? Multiple selections can be made.

- Mersey-Forth Water Management Review Report
- Stakeholder Consultation Report
- Meetings
- Phone calls
- Letters or emails
- Newsletters
- Hydro Tasmania website

Do you have any recommendations for improved communications?

5. Is there any further feedback you would like to give on how Hydro Tasmania can improve its management of waterways in the Mersey-Forth catchments?

Thank you for completing this survey. Your responses will be treated as anonymous.

For further information on the Mersey-Forth Water Management Review please refer to www.hydro.com.au/MFWMR/.

or contact:

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